AP Calculus AB 2<sup>nd</sup> semester review Calculator OK Name\_\_\_\_\_

Find the area enclosed by the lines and curves. You must show your set up, can solve using a calculator.

1. 
$$y = x$$
,  $y = \frac{1}{x^2}$ ,  $x = 2$   
2.  $x = 2y^2$ ,  $x = 0$ ,  $y = 3$ 

3. The base of a solid is the region enclosed between the graphs of  $y = \sin x$  and  $y = -\sin x$  from x=0 to  $x = \pi$ . Each cross section is perpendicular to the x-axis is a semi-circle with diameter connecting the two graphs. Find the volume of the solid.

4. Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the region enclosed by the parabola  $y^2 = 4x$  and the line y = x about:

a. the x-axis b. the y-axis

c. the line x=4

d. the line y = 4

- 5. Approximate the area under the curve  $y = x^2$  from x = 0 and x = 3 with six subintervals:
- a. RRAM b. LRAM c. MRAM

6. Solve the initial value problem.

a. 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2}$$
,  $y(0) = 1$   
b.  $\frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{1}{t+4}$ ,  $y(-3) = 2$ 

7. 
$$f'(x) = \sin^2 x$$
 and  $f(1) = 3$ , find  $f(6)$ 

8. A violin made in 1785 by John Betts, one of England's finest violin makers, cost \$250 in 1924 and sold for \$7500 in 1988. Assuming a constant relative rate of appreciation, what was the rate?

\*you should review slope field problems on page 336

Answers:

1. 1 2. 18 3. 
$$\frac{\pi^2}{4}$$
 4a.  $\frac{32\pi}{3}$  b.  $\frac{128\pi}{15}$  c.  $\frac{64\pi}{5}$  d.  $\frac{32\pi}{3}$   
5a. 11.375 b. 6.875 c. 8.9375

6a. 
$$y = \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^2}{2} + x + 1$$
 b.  $y = \ln(t+4) + 2$ 

7. 5.861 8. 5.3%