1. The half-life of a substance is 4 minutes. The original mass is 100 grams. How much of the substance remains after 15 minutes?

A(t) =
$$100(\frac{1}{2})^{15/4}$$

A(t) = $100(\frac{1}{2})^{15/4} \approx 7.43 \text{ grams}$

2. Write a logistic function if:

Initial value = 10, Limit to growth = 50, Passes through (2,30)

$$10 = \frac{50}{1 + a \cdot b^{\circ}}$$

$$30 = \frac{50}{1 + 4b^2}$$

$$30 + 120b^{2} = 50$$

$$120b^{2} = 20$$

$$b^{2} = \frac{1}{12}$$

Solve for x:

3.
$$\log(x+1) - \log(2x-1) = \frac{1}{2} \log 4$$

$$\frac{x+1}{2x-1} = \log 4$$

$$\frac{X+1}{2X-1}=2$$

5.
$$1+2e^{-2x} = 6 = 3x = 3$$

 $2e^{-2x} = 5$

$$e^{-2x} = 2.5$$

 $\ln 2.5 = -2x$

$$x = \frac{\ln 2.5}{-2} = -.458$$

$$f(x) = \frac{50}{1 + 4(.41)^x}$$

4.
$$\log_4(x-3) = -1$$

 $4^{-1} = x - 3$
 $4 = x - 3$
 $34 = x$

6.
$$\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{4x-1} = 8^{3x}$$

 $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2(4x-1)} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-3(3x)}$
 $2(4x-1) = -3(3x)$
 $8x-2 = -9x$
 $17x = 2$
 $x = \frac{2}{17}$

7. Write the equation of an exponential function that goes through (0,2) and (3,12). (Round b-value to nearest hundredths.)

$$y = \alpha \cdot b^{3}$$

$$4 = b^{3}$$

$$82 \times b$$

8. The population of Chicago has been increasing at 1.2% per year. If the population is 3,000,000 in 2000, when will the population reach 3,500,000?

$$P(t) = 3,000,000 (1+.012)^{t}$$

3,500,000= 3,000,000 (1.012)

