

Chapter 4 Page

$$g'(a) = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$D$$

$$(1) f(x) = x^{2} + 2x \qquad \frac{d}{dx} f(\ln x) =$$

$$f(\ln x) = (\ln x)^{2} + 2\ln x$$

$$f(\ln x) = \lambda \ln x \cdot \frac{1}{x} + 2 \cdot \frac{1}{x}$$

$$= \frac{\lambda \ln x}{x} + \frac{\lambda}{x} = \frac{\lambda \ln x + \lambda}{x}$$

$$B$$

$$(2) sin(xy) = x \qquad find \ \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$cos(xy) \cdot [x \frac{dy}{dx} + 1 \cdot y] = 1$$

$$[x \frac{dy}{dx} + y] = \frac{1}{cos(xy)}$$

$$x \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{cos(xy)} - y$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{cos(xy)} - y$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{cos(xy)} - y$$

$$Cos(xy) = \frac{1 - ycos(xy)}{x cos(xy)} Cos(xy)$$