

$f(g)$ f' g'

**AP[®] CALCULUS AB
2016 SCORING GUIDELINES**

Question 6

x	$f(x)$	$f'(x)$	$g(x)$	$g'(x)$
1	-6	3	2	8
2	2	-2	-3	0
3	8	7	6	2
6	4	5	3	-1

The functions f and g have continuous second derivatives. The table above gives values of the functions and their derivatives at selected values of x .

- (a) Let $k(x) = f(g(x))$. Write an equation for the line tangent to the graph of k at $x = 3$.
- (b) Let $h(x) = \frac{g(x)}{f(x)}$. Find $h'(1)$.
- (c) Evaluate $\int_1^3 f''(2x) dx$.

(a) $k(3) = f(g(3)) = f(6) = 4$
 $k'(3) = f'(g(3)) \cdot g'(3) = f'(6) \cdot 2 = 5 \cdot 2 = 10$

An equation for the tangent line is $y = 10(x - 3) + 4$.

3 : $\begin{cases} 2 : \text{slope at } x = 3 \\ 1 : \text{equation for tangent line} \end{cases}$

(b) $h'(1) = \frac{f(1) \cdot g'(1) - g(1) \cdot f'(1)}{(f(1))^2}$
 $= \frac{(-6) \cdot 8 - 2 \cdot 3}{(-6)^2} = \frac{-54}{36} = -\frac{3}{2}$

3 : $\begin{cases} 2 : \text{expression for } h'(1) \\ 1 : \text{answer} \end{cases}$

(c) $\int_1^3 f''(2x) dx = \frac{1}{2} [f'(2x)]_1^3 = \frac{1}{2} [f'(6) - f'(2)]$
 $= \frac{1}{2} [5 - (-2)] = \frac{7}{2}$

3 : $\begin{cases} 2 : \text{antiderivative} \\ 1 : \text{answer} \end{cases}$

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