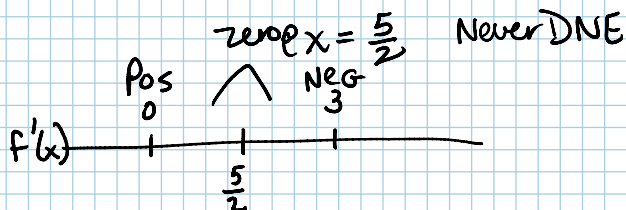
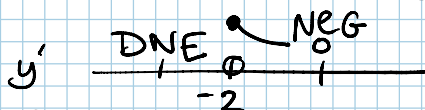


15) $f(x) = 5x - x^2$
 $f'(x) = 5 - 2x = 0$



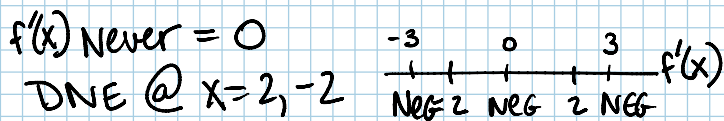
- (a) Local Max at $(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{25}{4})$
No Min
- (b) Increasing $(-\infty, \frac{5}{2}]$ bc $f'(x) > 0$ on $(-\infty, \frac{5}{2})$
- (c) Decreasing $[\frac{5}{2}, \infty)$ bc $f'(x) < 0$ on $(\frac{5}{2}, \infty)$

21) $y = 4 - \sqrt{x+2} = 4 - (x+2)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ Dm $[-2, \infty)$
 $y' = -\frac{1}{2}(x+2)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 1$
 $= \frac{-1}{2\sqrt{x+2}}$ Never = 0
 DNE @ $x = -2$



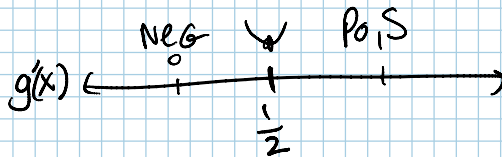
- (a) Local Max at $(-2, 4)$
- (b) \emptyset
- (c) Decreasing $[-2, \infty)$ bc $y' < 0$ on $(-2, \infty)$

26) $k(x) = \frac{x}{x^2 - 4}$
 $k'(x) = \frac{(x^2 - 4) \cdot 1 - x(2x)}{(x^2 - 4)^2}$
 $= \frac{x^2 - 4 - 2x^2}{(x^2 - 4)^2} = \frac{-x^2 - 4}{(x^2 - 4)^2}$



- (a) NO Min/MAX
- (b) \emptyset
- (c) Decreasing $(-\infty, -2) \cup (-2, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$
bc $f'(x) < 0$ on those intervals

16) $g(x) = x^2 - x - 12$
 $g'(x) = 2x - 1 = 0$
 $x = \frac{1}{2}$



- (a) local min @ $x = \frac{1}{2}$
- (b) Increasing $[\frac{1}{2}, \infty)$ bc $g'(x) > 0$ on $(\frac{1}{2}, \infty)$
- (c) Decreasing $(-\infty, \frac{1}{2}]$ bc $g'(x) < 0$ on $(-\infty, \frac{1}{2})$

28) $g(x) = 2x + \cos x$
 $g'(x) = 2 - \sin x$
 $2 - \sin x = 0$
 $\sin x = 2$ Never
 $f'(x)$ is never 0 and never DNE

- (a) No Local Min/Max
- (b) $g'(x) > 0$ for all x
So Increasing $(-\infty, \infty)$ bc $f'(x) > 0$
- (c) \emptyset